

# REMOVABLE LABEL FOR SEALING

## AN INK-JET INK RESERVOIR

### BACKGROUND

5           The present invention generally relates to ink-jet ink delivery systems and, more particularly, to the packaging and moisture sealing of such systems.

10           On previous ink-jet print cartridges, prior to the cartridges being filled with ink, the nozzles were sealed by a tape and a card tab attachment located on the free end of the tape. Before installing the print cartridge in a printer, the tape was actively removed by the customer by pulling the tab. These were "active" designs in that they required the customer to recognize that there was a sealing tape that  
15           had to be removed and then to do so.

20           To prevent moisture loss during storage, previous print cartridges were also sealed with pouch film. Like the tab and tape, the pouch film was removed by the customer prior to installation of the print cartridge in the printer.

          While these sealing techniques were satisfactory, there is a





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5 bonded to the polyester film by the laminating film; a layer of  
laminating adhesive; and a polyethylene heat seal film, the other side  
of the aluminum foil being bonded to the heat seal film by said  
laminating adhesive.

10 In operation, the invention contemplates removing a label from  
an ink-jet ink reservoir by removing a pouch that contains the  
reservoir, raising one end of the label from the reservoir by removing  
the pouch, applying a shear force between the pouch and the label,  
and applying a tension force between the label and the reservoir.

15 Other aspects and advantages of the invention will become  
apparent from the following detailed description, taken in conjunction  
with the accompanying drawings, illustrating by way of example the  
principles of the invention.

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### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of a package assembly embodying  
the principles of the invention.

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Fig. 2 is a side elevation view, partially cut away and in cross

5 section taken along line 2-2 of Fig. 1 of the package assembly of Fig.  
1.

Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the ink reservoir of Fig. 1.

10 Figs. 4 - 9 are diagrammatic views illustrating the process for  
applying a removable label and forming the package assembly of Fig.  
1.

15 Fig. 10. is a diagrammatic view illustrating the opening of the  
package assembly of Fig. 1.

20 Fig. 11 is a side elevation view, partially cut away and in cross  
section taken along line 2-2 of Fig. 1, of the package assembly of Fig.  
1, illustrating removal of the label from the reservoir.

25 Fig. 12 is a side elevation view, partially cut away and in cross  
section of a label without regions of deadened adhesive, illustrating  
removal of the label from a reservoir.

**DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

As shown in the drawings for the purposes of illustration, the invention is embodied in a removable label that seals the ink orifices on an ink-jet ink reservoir and that is bonded to the pouch material that forms a package around the reservoir. When the pouch material is removed from around the reservoir by a customer prior to installing the reservoir in a printer, the pouch material pulls off the label as well because the pouch material is securely bonded to the label. The invention seeks to make removal of the sealing label automatic by leveraging the “mental model” that the customer has regarding packaging materials. Customers are conditioned to remove pouch materials and proceed to do so when confronted with a film enclosed pouch that surrounds the product that the customer wishes to use. In the process of pouch removal, the sealing label is simultaneously removed and the reservoir is ready for installation in a printer. This process of label removal is a “passive” approach since “active” customer recognition and action to remove the label is not required.

Referring to Fig. 1, reference numeral 12 generally indicates a package assembly for an ink-jet ink reservoir. The assembly includes an ink reservoir 14 that has a latch 15 at one end for installing and retaining the reservoir 14 in a printer (not shown). On the top wall of

Referring to Fig. 1, the pouch 17 is fabricated from clear, polypropylene film. The pouch is sealed at both ends and, along the longitudinal axis of the reservoir 14 on the side opposite from the label 16, as illustrated in Fig. 7. The pouch 17 is sealed along the longitudinal axis of the reservoir on the side opposite from the label 16 so that the customer can tear the pouch along that seam first, allowing for easy gripping of the reservoir while the label 16 and the pouch are being removed. This seam is also placed opposite the label so it does not interfere with the heat staking of pouch to the label. The main function of the pouch is to serve as that part of the package assembly 12 that the customer grasps, pulls open, and removes, thereby also removing the label from the reservoir 14.





5 of the label 16. The deadened adhesive is preferably formed by a very  
thin film of polyester that creates a zone or region in which the label  
does not adhesively bond to the reservoir 14. The margins can also be  
created by applying a varnish to the adhesive to remove the tackiness  
from the adhesive layer 26. During removal of the reservoir from the  
10 pouch 17, the presence of the deadened adhesive subjects the bond  
between the pouch and the label to a shear force and the bond  
between the label and the reservoir to a tension force, both forces  
being created by the removal of the reservoir from the pouch. The  
margins of deadened adhesive thereby aid the reliable removal of the  
15 label from the reservoir.

Referring to Fig. 2, reference numeral 26 indicates a layer of  
removable adhesive. This adhesive is silicone based, pressure  
sensitive, and removably bondable to the reservoir 14. This layer 26  
20 affixes the label 16 to the reservoir, seals the fluid interconnect  
orifice(s) 22, and allows the label to be removed from the reservoir  
prior to installation of the reservoir in a printer (not shown).

In Fig. 2, reference numeral 28 indicates a carrier film onto  
25 which the removable adhesive 26 is coated. The carrier film is  
polyester and provides a surface onto which the adhesive layer 26 can

5 reliably adhere. In other words, when the label 16 is removed from  
the reservoir 14, all of the adhesive 26 remains on the label/carrier  
film 28, and no adhesive is left behind on the reservoir.

10 In Fig. 2 reference numeral 30 indicates a layer of laminating  
film, and reference 32, a layer of aluminum foil. The laminating film  
30 is a thermoset, plastic film that bonds the aluminum foil to the  
carrier film 28. The function of the aluminum foil is to prevent  
moisture transmission of the ink in the reservoir 14 through the label  
by diffusion.

15 In Fig. 2 reference numeral 34 indicates a layer of laminating  
adhesive and reference 36, a heat seal film. The laminating adhesive  
34 is a pressure sensitive, synthetic rubber based adhesive that bonds  
the aluminum foil 32 to the heat seal film 36. The heat seal film 36 is  
20 a co-extruded, polyethylene, two layer laminate. The layer nearer the  
aluminum foil 32 is a high-density polyethylene that serves as a  
carrier for a layer of very low-density polyethylene located nearer the  
pouch 17. The low-density polyethylene is chosen to melt readily at  
low temperatures, preferably below 150° C, and at moderate pressure  
25 when the pouch 17 is heat staked to the heat seal film 36.

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5 Figs. 3 - 9 are diagrammatic views illustrating the process for  
applying the removable label to the reservoir and forming the pouch  
around the reservoir.

10 Fig. 3 illustrates the reservoir 14 before the label is applied and  
the pouch is formed. This is a three chamber reservoir with three  
fluid interconnect orifices 22.

15 Fig. 4 illustrates the application of the label 16 on the reservoir  
14. The reservoir is moving horizontally as indicated by the arrow 40.  
The label 16 is moving forward as indicated by the arrow 41 and  
moving downward as indicated by the arrow 42. In other words, the  
label and the reservoir are moving in such a way as to merge together.

20 In Fig. 5, a pressurized roller 44 with a soft rubber surface is  
rolled across the label 16. The adhesive layer 26, Fig. 2, is pressure  
sensitive and the roller 44 insures that the label bonds to the  
reservoir. Fig. 6 illustrates the label 16 in place on the reservoir 14.  
The label fluidically blocks the three fluid interconnect orifices 22, Fig.  
3. In the next process step, not illustrated, the reservoir is then filled  
25 with ink.



5 way that customers open the product. That is, one of the end seals  
 48 is grasped and the pouch 17 is torn lengthwise down the middle.

Referring to Fig. 11, as the pouch film 17 is being removed from  
 around the reservoir 14, the customer exerts a force on the label 16 by  
 10 way of the pouch film. This force is indicated by arrow 52. The force  
 52 causes the zones 24 of deadened adhesive to immediately lift up  
 since these zones are not bonded to the reservoir wall 20. This lifting  
 motion is indicated by the arrow 53. As can be seen in Fig. 11, the  
 force 52 subjects the heat stake joint 55 between the pouch 17 and  
 15 the label 16 to a shear force. In contrast, the force 52 subjects the  
 adhesive joint 56 between the label 16 and the reservoir wall 20 to a  
 tension force at the apex 57 of the opening.

Fig. 12 illustrates the removal of a pouch 66 from around a  
 20 reservoir 60 when there are no deadened zones of adhesive. The label  
 63 has an adhesive layer 64 that adhesively bonds to a reservoir wall  
 62 but no deadened zones of adhesive. The reservoir 60, label 63 and  
 pouch 66 are fabricated in the same manner as described above. The  
 pouch 66 and label 63 are removed from the reservoir 60 by a force 67  
 25 exerted on the label by the customer by way of the pouch film 66. As  
 can be seen in Fig. 12, the force 67 subjects the heat stake joint 71

5 between the pouch 66 and label 63 to a tension force and the adhesive  
joint 72 between the label 63 and the reservoir wall 62 to a tension  
force as well.

10 The heat stake joint between the pouch and the label is much  
stronger in shear than in tension and, when principally loaded by a  
shear force, is far less likely to fail before the adhesive joint fails and  
releases the label from the reservoir. In addition, the deadened zones  
of adhesive create a preferential peel front at the apex 57. Thus,  
15 deadening the adhesive joint at the lateral margins of the label  
dramatically increases the reliability of the label removal operation  
overall.

20 Although specific embodiments of the invention have been  
described and illustrated, the invention is not to be limited to the  
specific forms or arrangement of parts so described and illustrated.  
The invention is limited only by the claims.